





## SIDE-EVENT (SE 22-H): Best Practices in Documenting and Monitoring Customary and Statutory Land Access, Control, and Ownership in Africa: A Cross-Country Experience of the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC), Uganda, and Zambia.

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2023

Time: 16:00 – 17:30 Hours, Addis Ababa time

Venue: Nelson Mandela Conference Hall & Online

Duration 1h:30

## **Objectives:**

- 1. To demonstrate best practices in GLTN's interventions on documenting rights along the continuum of land rights.
- 2. To showcase dividends of establishing a land data infrastructure at national level.
- 3. To demonstrate best practices in institutionalizing the generation of land data and statistics at national level and bridging the data-policy-practice gap for enhanced land governance and tenure security.

Programme		
Time/Duration	Agenda Item	Who
16 :00 – 16 :05 (5mins)	Opening remarks	Diane Dumashie, International Federation of Surveyors (FIG)
16:05 - 16:45 (40 mins)	Introduction of panelists & Moderation:	Diane Dumashie, FIG
	Cross country experience:	Uganda: Nicholas Ndawula, Ministry of Lands (10 mins)
		Zambia: Emmanuel Tembo, National Land Titling Programme (10 mins)
		DRC: Mamadou Mballo/Dominique Kasongo, National Statistics Office (10 mins)
16:45 – 17:10	Question/comments	Participants
(25 mins)		
17:10 – 17:25	Feedback from panelists:	Panelists
(15 mins)		Uganda: 5 mins Zambia: 5 mins DRC: 5 mins
17:25 – 17:30	Conclusions/Recommendations	Moderator
(5 mins)		

## Questions to all the panelists:







**Question 1:** What is your country's experience (successes, challenges and opportunities) in documenting and monitoring customary and statutory access, control, and ownership of land?

**Question 2:** What was/is the added value of UN-Habitat/GLTN's support in your country in documenting land rights and monitoring of land tenure security indicators 1.4.2 and 5.a.1 of the SDG framework?

**Question 3:** What are some of the key lessons that you learnt from your collaboration with UN-Habitat/GLTN in the context of documenting and monitoring land rights that you would share with other countries?