



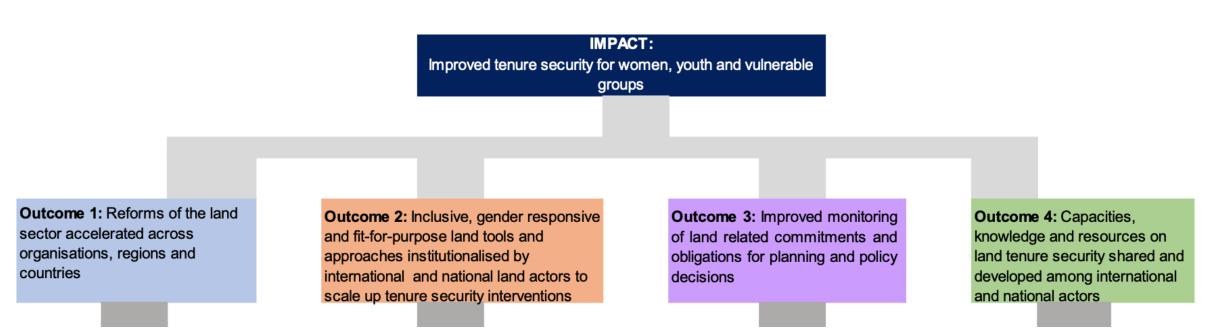
# Global Land Tool Network Phase 4 2023-2027

CENTRAL ELEMENTS FOR CONSIDERATION BY PARTNERS





#### **GLTN PHASE 4 PROGRAMME – IMPACT AND OUTCOMES**



**Vision:** A world in which everyone enjoys secure land and property rights.

**Mission:** Partners working together to develop and implement inclusive fit-for-purpose and gender-responsive land tools to improve living conditions for all including women, youth and vulnerable groups in both urban and rural settings.

Goal: Improved tenure security for all, with a focus on women, youth and vulnerable groups.





Outcome 1: Reforms of the land sector accelerated across organizations, regions and countries

PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS

PHASE 3 OUTPUTS	PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS	RET STRATEGIC AREAS OF INTERVENTION
1.1. Strengthened international and national land policies and practices that take into consideration the needs of women, youth and vulnerable groups.	1.1 Strengthened national land laws and policies that take into consideration the needs of women, youth and vulnerable groups	1. Technical assistance in the implementation of multistakeholder approaches to land law and policy formulation and implementation planning
		2. Comparative analysis of land law and policy at sub-regional and regional levels
		3. Case studies, methods and other materials on land law and policy elements and themes
		4. Mapping and promotion of coordination among land institutions and actors
1.2. Strengthened land sector coordination at international and national levels.	1.2 Strengthened land policies and guidelines in multilateral frameworks	1. Mapping and review of land tenure security in multilateral thematic areas, eg urban development, environment, human rights and humanitarian
	1.3 Strengthened land sector coordination at regional level	2. Engagement with member States, observers and other relevant actors in multilateral forums
		3. Promotion of regional dialogue and cooperation in land tenure policy and research
1.3 Improved awareness of international and national land actors of key land tenure issues and concepts, their link to broader development outcomes and possible solutions.	1.4 Improved awareness of international and national actors of the contribution of land tenure security to sustainable development outcomes	1. Research and policy analysis linking land and international and regional trends and themes
		2. Awareness raising and discourse on land tenure in international forums through in person and remote events as well as digital information sharing





Outcome 2: Inclusive, gender-responsive and fit-for-purpose land tools and approaches institutionalized by international and national land actors to scale up tenure security interventions.

PHASE 3 OUTPUTS	PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS	KEY STRATEGIC AREAS OF INTERVENTION
2.1. Priority land tools and approaches that address tenure security of women, youth and vulnerable groups developed, adapted and implemented.	and piloted for relevance at the national	<ol> <li>Maintaining of land tool methods and documentation.</li> <li>Piloting of relevant land tools still under development</li> <li>New land tools to address specific needs in delivering land tenure security for all</li> <li>Validation, regional replication and scaling up of piloted land tools</li> </ol>
2.2. Improved capacity of international and national land actors to promote and implement appropriate land tools and approaches.	appropriate land tools	<ol> <li>National and local level projects for the implementation of selected land tools</li> <li>Multi-actor working sessions to advise on the selection and adaptation of tools</li> <li>CSO-Govt collaboration for land tool capacity building programmes</li> <li>Manuals for tool implementation.</li> </ol>





Outcome 3: Improved monitoring of land-related commitments and obligations for evidence- based planning and policy decisions.

PHASE 3 OUTPUTS	PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS	KEY STRATEGIC AREAS OF INTERVENTION
3.1. Improved tools for monitoring land governance and tenure security at country level	3.1 Enhanced capacity of relevant national and international organizations to collect,	1. Training and capacity development on land monitoring tools (indicators and methodologies for data collection) at country level, including support to activities under the Global Land Indicators Initiative (GLII).
3.2. Enhanced capacity of relevant national and international organizations to collect, disaggregate and analyse data on tenure security and land governance.	disaggregate and analyse data on tenure security and land governance.	2. Continued technical support to national statistical organizations for data collection on SDG land indicators
3.3. Global reporting mechanism on tenure security and land governance established.	3.2 Global reporting mechanism on tenure security and land governance established and mainstreamed	1 Continued support to the work of custodian agencies of the SDG indicators on land governance and tenure security (1.4.2, 5.a.1, 5.a.2) 2 Contributions to global reports on land governance 3 Sharing of lessons on monitoring land governance and systematic review of data evidence to inform and guide interventions that support land policy reforms both at national and international level





Outcome 4: Capacities, knowledge and resources on land tenure security shared and developed among international and national actors

PHASE 3 OUTPUTS	PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS	KEY STRATEGIC AREAS OF INTERVENTION
4.1. Effective mechanisms for collaboration on programme development and implementation	4.1 Effective mechanisms for collaboration on and learning from programme development and implementation	<ol> <li>Development and implementation of joint programmes and projects</li> <li>Development and implementation of a resource mobilisation strategy</li> <li>Systematic documenting and reporting of country experiences and achievements into learning elements and case studies</li> </ol>
4.2 Knowledge management platforms established and strengthened	4.2 Outreach and communication mechanisms established and strengthened	<ol> <li>Development of regular key messages and consistent narrative for communication and advocacy purposes to increase GLTN visibility and outreach</li> <li>Systematic reporting of outcome and output achievements for cross-fertilization across outcome areas of the GLTN work plan</li> <li>Coordination of GLTN partners for participation in and contribution to international fora and multilateral agreements on land</li> <li>Research and core publications on Phase 4 priority thematic areas in relation to key normative frameworks</li> </ol>





Outcome 4: Capacities, knowledge and resources on land tenure security shared and developed among international and national actors

PHASE 3 OUTPUTS	PHASE 4 NEW/REVISED OUTPUTS	KEY STRATEGIC AREAS OF INTERVENTION
4.3 Strengthened capacity of international partners to transfer the knowledge and awareness of the GLTN agenda to other national and international land actors	4.3 Strengthened capacity of international partners to transfer the knowledge and awareness of the GLTN agenda to other national and international land actors	1. Conducting collaborative capacity development initiatives, including webinars, training and learning exchanges, involving global and national actors with priority to representatives on land related multilateral fora  2. Developing and teaching of relevant academic courses on tenure security, responsible land governance and application of innovative tools  3. Development and maintenance of websites and user-friendly e-platforms for open access to knowledge



### GLTN PHASE 4 PROGRAMME – PRIORITY THEMATIC AREAS



 The inter-relationship between land tenure security and protection of natural resources in multilateral environmental agreements

Given the evidence of strong linkages between tenure insecurity and climate vulnerability, improved tenure security is an important enabler of climate-change adaptation and natural resources protection.

Phase 4 programme will invest in strengthening the land rights of women, youth and vulnerable groups in multilateral environmental agreements to advance tenure-responsive land-use planning and climate-smart agriculture that reduce land degradation and adverse climate change impacts.

• The inter-relationship between land property rights and inclusive socioeconomic development in multilateral agreements and human rights treaties

Strengthening the property rights of poor people can make important contributions to poverty reduction. Phase 4 programme will continue to invest in the development and implementation of tools to provide land and property rights and tenure security in these contexts, with the goal of improving land management and tenure systems based on human rights standards for inclusive socioeconomic development, access to adequate housing, and improved living conditions.

Continue phase 3 priorities on urban development and humanitarian – development nexus





#### **GLTN PHASE 4 PROGRAMME – SUSTAINABILITY PLAN AND THE GLTN CHARTER**

- 1. TO ADDRESS SUSTAINABILITY PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS ON PARTNER AND MEMBER ENGAGEMENT:
- AMEND SECTION 6 OF THE GLTN CHARTER TO ALLOW MEMBERS TO HAVE A ROLE IN GLTN DECISION MAKING, INCLUDING STRATEGIC DECISION MAKING.
- AMEND SECTIONS 6 AND 7 OF THE CHARTER TO MAKE CLEAR THAT CLUSTER LEADS, AND THEREFORE STEERING COMMITTEE MEMBERS, ARE APPOINTED IN THEIR PERSONAL CAPACITY
- 2. TO ADDRESS SUSTAINABILITY PLAN RECOMMENDATIONS ON PARTNER AND MEMBER AND DONOR ENGAGEMENT:
- AMEND SECTION 6 TO ALLOW THE STEERING COMMITTEE TO CHANGE THE NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP CHARACTERISTICS OF CLUSTERS WITH THE CONDITION THAT ANY SUCH AMENDMENTS BE CONFIRMED BY THE NEXT PARTNERS' MEETING OR CEASE TO BE EFFECTIVE IF NOT CONFIRMED.
- 3. EMPOWER THE STEERING COMMITTEE TO AGREE ON THE WORDING OF THESE CHANGES.